

**Question 10** (7 marks)

- a. Attempt product rule differentiation on both components to find  $\dot{\underline{r}}(t)$ . M1

Product rule on the  $\underline{i}$  component:

$$\frac{d}{dt}(e^t \cos(t)) = -e^t \sin(t) + e^t \cos(t)$$

Product rule on the  $\underline{j}$  component:

$$\frac{d}{dt}(e^t \sin(t)) = e^t \cos(t) + e^t \sin(t)$$

$$\dot{\underline{r}}(t) = (e^t \cos(t) - e^t \sin(t))\underline{i} + (e^t \cos(t) + e^t \sin(t))\underline{j} \quad \text{A1}$$

$$\dot{\underline{r}}(0) = \underline{i} + \underline{j} \quad \text{A1}$$

- b.  $|\underline{r}(t)| = e^t \sqrt{\cos^2(t) + \sin^2(t)}$   
 $= e^t$  A1

$$\begin{aligned} |\dot{\underline{r}}(t)| &= e^t \sqrt{(\cos(t) - \sin(t))^2 + (\sin(t) + \cos(t))^2} \\ &= e^t \sqrt{2\cos^2(t) + 2\sin^2(t)} \\ &= \sqrt{2}e^t \end{aligned} \quad \text{A1}$$

Attempt to find  $\underline{r}(t) \cdot \dot{\underline{r}}(t)$ . M1

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{r}(t) \cdot \dot{\underline{r}}(t) &= e^{2t}(\cos(t)(\cos(t) - \sin(t)) + \sin(t)(\sin(t) + \cos(t))) \\ &= e^{2t}(\cos^2(t) + \sin^2(t)) \\ &= e^{2t} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Use of } \cos(\theta) = \frac{\underline{r}(t) \cdot \dot{\underline{r}}(t)}{|\underline{r}(t)||\dot{\underline{r}}(t)|} \text{ gives } \cos(\theta) = \frac{e^{2t}}{e^t \times \sqrt{2}e^t}.$$

$$\text{So } \cos(\theta) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}. \quad \text{A1}$$

Hence,  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$  and  $\underline{r}(t)$  always makes an angle of  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  with  $\dot{\underline{r}}(t)$ .